





5. Mr. Manuel Maria Cáceres, the

in innovation and investment, as well as production. In 2020, ASAZGUA produced 173 million liters of ethanol, covered up to 30% of the national electricity demand during harvest season, and used 100% of the biomass obtained after crushing sugarcane to produce energy. Using sugarcane biomass instead of coal avoided releasing over 4 million tons of CO<sub>2</sub>. These processes were important, given the decades of power instability during dry season in Guatemala. Similarly to Canal de Isabel II, ASAZGUA plans to be self-sufficient in terms of electricity by 2030, which will all be renewable. In 2020, their baseline was 93%. In addition, they plan to prillions onal

10. Mr. Menéndez thanked the speakers and attendees again and noted that these concrete proposals will help to pave a way to our shared goals in 2030. He offered his congratulations to the participants of the network's Energy Compact and closed the virtual meeting.