

the next set of Goals to focus continued efforts after

The Secretary General said that the post 2015 framework “must be bold in ambition yet simple in design, supported by a new partnership for development”.

“It needs to be rights based, with particular emphasis on women, young people and marginalized groups. And it must protect the planet’s resources, emphasize sustainable consumption and production and support action to address climate change, “ he continued.

- § The UK Government will provide support for the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria worth \$1.6 billion (£1 billion) over the three year period of 2014-2016. The support will deliver life saving antiretroviral therapy for 750,000 people living with HIV, 32 million more insecticide treated nets to prevent the transmission of malaria, and TB treatment for over a million more people.
- § The Government of Norway will contribute \$75 million over three years to finance life saving commodities and their related delivery costs as part of a newly formed “Reproductive, Newborn, and Maternal Health Trust Fund.”
- § The World Bank Group projects at least \$700 million in financing through the end of the 2015 MDG target date to help developing countries reach the Goals on women’s and children’s health, as part of the Every Woman Every Child global effort. This new funding comes from the [International Development Association](#) (IDA), the Bank Group’s fund for the poorest countries, and will enable national scale ups of successful pilot reproductive, of

- § Youth Empowerment & ICT Foundation (Nigeria) will provide seed funding to 50 innovative ICT projects by young entrepreneurs; employment for 250 youth; and \$2.5m in funding by 2016. The SME ICT Entrepreneur Fund will provide seed funding to young start ups in the technology industry.

