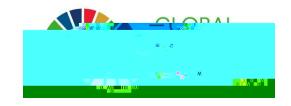
The Republic of the Union of Myanmar Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation



Country:	The Republic of the Union of Myanmar
Date of submission:	15 November 2019

Format for reporting on progress towards the implementation of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030, the United Nations forest instrument and voluntary national contributions¹

- 1. The format is structured around the global forest goals and targets of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030 and builds on the format previously used for reporting to the United Nations Forum on Forests at its eleventh session. It is largely narrative, reflecting the qualitative nature of many of the targets.
- 2. Only information that is not currently provided to the member organizations of the Collaborative Partnership on Forests or that is not in other international databases is requested. The information submitted will be supplemented with quantitative data, among other things, from the following international data providers:
- (a) Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Global Forest Resources Assessment/collaborative forest resources questionnaires, Forest Europe, Economic Commission for Europe, International Tropical Timber Organization, Montreal Process and Observatory for the Forests of Central Africa;
 - (b) Reports on the state of the world's forests, produced every two years by FAO;
 - (c) Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat;
 - (d) Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development;
- (e) Other data sources, including the Forest Stewardship Council and the Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification.
- 3. Members are kindly requested:
- (a) To submit their completed national reports electronically (in Microsoft Word format) in English, French or Spanish to unff@un.org by mid-November 2019, bearing in mind that early submissions will greatly facilitate the secretariat's preparation of the report on progress towards the goals and targets of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030 [title and focus to be determined] to be presented to the Forum in 2021 [to be confirmed];
- (b) To submit, in a separate electronic file, a scanned version of the official signed letter conveying their submission from the respective ministry, or a note verbale from their permanent mission to the United Nations in New York;

Please submit the completed format to: unff@un.org by 15 November 2019.

¹ Detailed guidelines will be prepared and discussed and will, among other things, state the purpose of reporting and how the data will be used. References to voluntary national contributions will be harmonized with the process to be put in place for announcing voluntary national contributions.

- (c) In view of the cross-cutting nature of issues relating to forests and sustainable forest management, to consult experts from relevant national ministries, such as those of the environment, economic development, finance and agriculture, in completing the reporting format and to consult the national focal points for the forest resources assessments, the Rio Conventions secretariats, other member organizations of the Collaborative Partnership on Forests, criteria and indicators processes, and relevant stakeholders, where applicable. Members may also wish to consult stakeholders when preparing their report.
- 4. The year 2015 is used as

Global forest goal 1 and associated targets 2

Reverse the loss of forest cover worldwide through sustainable forest management, including protection, restoration, afforestation and reforestation, and increase efforts to prevent forest degradation and contribute to the global effort of addressing climate change

Associated targets

- 1.1 Forest area is increased by 3 per cent worldwide³
- 1.2 The world's forest carbon stocks are maintained or enhanced
- 1.3 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt

(iv)	Technical and scientific actions
(b)	How do the actions listed above support the implementation of the United Nations forest
instrument?	
(c)	What are the main challenges in achieving goal 1 in your country?

(e)	Any additional comments on goal 1:
	No.

Global forest goal 2 and associated targets⁵

Enhance forest-based economic, social and environmental benefits, including by improving the livelihoods of forest-dependent people

Associated targets

- 2.1 Extreme poverty for all forest-dependent people is eradicated
- 2.2 Increase the access of small-scale forest enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets
- 2.3 The contribution of forests and trees to food security is significantly increased
- 2.4 The contribution of forest industry, other forest-based enterprises and forest ecosystem services to social, economic and environmental development, among other things, is significantly increased
- 2.5 The contribution of all types of forests to biodiversity conservation and climate change mitigation and adaptation is enhanced, taking into account the mandates and ongoing work of relevant conventions and instruments

Questions on goal 2

2. (a) Since 2015, what types of action have been taken (by the Government, the private sector, communities, civil society or others) in your country to advance or contribute to the achievement of targets 2.1–2.5?

Please indicate to which targets the actions relate and briefly describe the results to date (in a maximum of 250 words). For each action, please indicate whether it is continuous, planned, in progress or completed.

(i) Legislative and policy actions

List of actions:

- 1) Promulgation of Community Forestry Instructions in 2016 and 2019.
- 2) Community Forestry Strategic Action Plan (2018-2020)
- 3) Adoption and application of ASEAN Guidelines on Agroforestry Development (2019)

Description of actions:

The latest revision of Community Forestry instruction was announced on 8 May,2019. The instruction aim to promote the participation of local communities in forestry sector, to encourage the development of Community Forest based Enterprise (CFE), improvement of livelihoods of local communities, poverty reduction, restoration of degraded forests, conservation of existing natural forests and water resources, enhancement of ecosystem servies and climate change mitigation and adaptation.

(ii) Institutional actions

List of actions:

- 1) Forming Community Forestry National Working Group (CFNWG)
- 2) Forming State and Regional Community Forestry Working Group
- 3) Promoting cooperation with relevant Government Ministries and NGOs/CSO

Description of actions:

Myanmar Reforesetation and Rehabilitation Programme (MRRP) is being implemented through out the country. Community Forestry (CF) is one of the main activities of MRRP in which CF is targeted to establish 770332 acres through out Myanmar by 2026-27. It will be able to create 250,000 job opportunities for local communities.

Up to now, 4,832 user groups have been organized, and 634,898 acres of community forests have been established.

	(d)	What are the main challenges in achieving goal 2 in your country?
te	(e) o goal 2, p	If your Government has announced a voluntary national contribution or contributions relating please provide brief information, including target dates and the progress made thus far.

Global forest goal 3 and associated targets⁶

Increase significantly the area of protected forests worldwide and other areas of sustainably managed forests, as well as the proportion of forest products from sustainably managed forests

Associated targets

- 3.1 The area of forests worldwide designated as protected areas or conserved through other effective areabased conservation measures is significantly increased
- 3.2 The area of forests under long-term forest management plans is significantly increased
- 3.3 The proportion of forest products from sustainably managed forests is significantly increased

Questions on goal 3

3. (a) Since 2015, what types of action have been taken (by the Government, the private sector, communities, civil society or others) in your country to advance or contribute to the achievement of targets 3.1–3.3?

Please indicate to which targets the actions relate and briefly describe the results to date (in a maximum of 250 words). For each action, please indicate whether it is continuous, planned, in progress or completed.

(i) Legislative and policy actions

List of actions:

- 1) Promulgation of Forest Policy (1995),
- 2) Promulgation of National Landuse Policy (2016)
- 3) Promulgation of Myanmar National Environmental Policy (2017)
- 4) National Wetland Policy (2019)
- 5) Enactment of Forest Law (2018)
- 6) Enactment of Conservation of Biodiversity and Protected Areas Law (2018)
- 7) Enactment of Conservation of Biodiversity and Protected Areas Rules (2019)
- 8) Community Forestry Instructions (2019)

Description of actions:

Major actions are strengthening sustainable forest management and forest governance, promoting land and resoruces tenureship, upscaling community forestry, expanding permanent forest estate (PFE) and increasing forest covers, halting deforestation and forest degradation, enhancing forest forest carbon stocks

⁶ Goal 3 and its targets support and contribute to the achievement of, among other things, targets 7.2, 12.2, 12.6, 12.7, 14.2, 14.5, 15.2 and 15.4 of the Sustainable Development Goals, as well as Aichi Biodiversity Targets 7, 11, 12 and 16, and are supported by paragraphs 6 (p), (q) and (x) and 7 (f) and (g) of the United Nations forest instrument.

(ii) Institutional actions

List of actions:

- 1) Forming Settlement Unit for the gazettement of Reserved Forests, Protected Public Forest and Preotected Area System (Permanent Forest Estate-PFE)
- 2) Strengthening Forest Management Units (68 FMUs) across the country
- 3) Strengtheing Community Forestry National Working Group (CFNWG)
- 4) Identification of ASEAN Hearitage Parks, Key Biodiversity Area, Ramsar Site (Wetlands), and Man & Biosphere Reserve

Description of actions:

Inccreasing budget for the operation costs of the gazettement of Reserved Forests, Protected Public Forest and Preotected Area System (Permanent Forest Estate-PFE) Organizing capacity building trainings for Forest Management Units (68 FMUs) and reguar reporting about the progress (monthly basis) of forestry operations

(iii) Financial actions

- 4.1 Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation
- 4.2 Forest-related financing from all sources at all levels, including public (national, bilateral, multilateral and triangular), private and philanthropic financing, is significantly increased
- 4.3 North-South, South-South, North-North and triangular cooperation and public-private partnerships on science, technology and innovation in the forest sector are significantly enhanced and increased
- 4.4 The number of countries that have developed and implemented forest financing strategies and have access to financing from all sources is significantly increased
- 4.5 The collection, availability and accessibility of forest-related information is improved through, for example, multidisciplinary scientific assessments

Questions on goal 4

4.	(a)	Please describe major actions taken in your country to move towards goal 4 and its associated
targ	ets.	More detailed information on actions for each target may be supplied below.

(b) If your Government has announced a voluntary national contribution or contributions relating to goal 4, please provide brief information, including target dates and the progress made thus far.

Progress towards targets 4.1 and 4.2

(c) Since 2015, has your

Please describe the main challenges in mobilizing funds in a maximum of 250 words:

Main challenges are limited long-term supports and most of the funds supported for the SFM is very short-term period. Almost all supports are project-based. Since SFM is a process, funding support should be a programme approach as well as long-term basis.

Progress towards target 4.3

Yes

No

(d) Is your country (the Government, the private sector, communities, civil society or others) engaged in international cooperation to promote sustainable forest management?
Yes No
If yes, please specify the entity or entities with which your country is cooperating:
Governments
Intergovernmental organizations/processes
Private sector
Non-governmental organizations
Other
Types of cooperation:
North-South
South-South
North-North
Triangular
Technical
Financial
Other (please specify):
Areas of cooperation:
Forests and climate change
Forest biodiversity
Valuation of the ecosystem services provided by forests
Socioeconomic issues, including livelihoods
Forest degradation and rehabilitation
Scientific cooperation
Forest monitoring/data collection
Technology transfer and capacity development
Production of timber or non-timber products
Other (please specify):
Progress towards target 4.4
(e) Since 2015, has your Government developed or implemented financing strategies to achieve sustainable forest management and to implement the United Nations forest instrument?

(f) What types of mechanism are in place to involve stakeholders in forest/ sustainable forest management policy formulation, planning and implementation?
Please specify in a maximum of 250 words:
Progress towards target 5.4
(g) Are mechanisms in place to involve the forest sector in cross-sectoral coordination among government agencies in charge of land use planning and development?
Yes

- 6.4 A greater common understanding of the concept of sustainable forest management is achieved and an associated set of indicators is identified
- 6.5 The input and involvement of major groups and other relevant stakeholders in the implementation of the strategic plan and in the work of the Forum, including intersessional work, is strengthened

To monitor and assess forest conditions and management
 To review and develop national forest policies and tools for sustainable forest management
 To communicate with society and carry out dialogue with stakeholders
 To report on forests to regional and international organizations (please specify):

(d)	Since 20	15, ha	ave actions	been taken (b	y the	Governn	nent, the	private sector,	comr	nunities,	civil
society or	others) in	your	country to	communicate	and	promote	a greater	understanding	g and	awarene	ss of
sustainable	e forest ma	nagen	nent?								

Yes No

If yes, please specify in a maximum of 250 words:

Progress towards target 6.5

(e) Have actions been taken by your Government to involve major groups and other relevant

or	(b) What action has been taken (by the Government, the private sector, communities, civil society others) in your country in observance of the International Day of Forests?
	Cultural activities (for example, art, music, film and theatre)
	Educational activities (for example, workshops and symposiums)
	Media activities (for example, newspapers, magazines, television and radio)
	Social media activities
	Other

Please provide two t

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Annex II

Draft global core set of forest-related indicators

	Indicator	Thematic element	Unit	Tiera	Data supplier	Linkages to globally agreed goals and targets
1.	Forest area as a proportion of total land area	1. Extent of forest resources	Percentage	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards target 15.1 of the Sustainable Development Goals and global forest goal 1. Sustainable Development Goal indicator 15.1.1
2.	Forest area annual net change rate	1. Extent of forest resources	Percentage	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards target 15.2 of the Sustainable Development Goals and target 1.1 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030. Subindicator of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 15.2.1
3.	Net greenhouse gas emissions (source)/ removals (sink) of forests, and carbon balance of harvested wood products	 Extent of forest resources Productive functions of forest resources 	Kilotons of carbon dioxide emissions per year	2	Framework	Measures progress towards targets 1.2 and 2.5 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030. Linkages with Sustainable Development Goal 13 and measuring, reporting and verifying requirements under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
4.	Proportion of forest area located within legally established protected areas	2. Forest biological diversity	Percentage	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards target 15.2 of the Sustainable Development Goals, targets 2.5 and 3.1 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030 and Aichi Biodiversity Target 11. Subindicator of Sustainable Development Goal indicator 15.2.1
5.	Change in area of primary forests	2. Forest biological diversity	Hectares	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards target 1.3 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030 and Aichi Biodiversity Target 5. Linkages with Sustainable Development Goal 15
6.	Proportion of forest area disturbed	3. Forest health and vitality	Percentage			

Indicator	Thematic element	Unit	Tiera	Data supplier	Linkages to globally agreed goals and targets
degraded forest	vitality			Resources Assessment	plan for forests 2017–2030. Linkages with target 15.3 of the Sustainable Development Goals, as well as Aichi Biodiversity Target 15. Linkages to strategic objective 1 of the 10-year strategic plan and framework to enhance the implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa (2008–

	Indicator	Thematic element	Unit	Tiera	Data supplier	Linkages to globally agreed goals and targets
	forest sector	resources	equivalents		Resources Assessment	plan for forests 2017–2030
13.	Number of forest- dependent people in extreme poverty	6. Socioeconomic functions of forest resources	Number	3	FAO and United Nations Forum on Forests	Measures progress towards global forest goal 2 and target 2.1 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030
14.	Contribution of forests to food security	6. Socioeconomic functions of forest resources	To be decided	3	FAO and United Nations Forum on Forests	Measures progress towards global forest goal 2 and target 2.3 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030
15.	Financial resources from all sources for the implementation of sustainable forest management	6. Socioeconomic functions of forest resources	United States dollars	3	OECD, World Bank	Measures progress towards global forest goal 4 and targets 4.1 and 4.2 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030. Linkages with targets 15.a and 15.b of the Sustainable Development Goals
16.	Existence of national or subnational policies, strategies, legislation, regulations and institutions that explicitly encourage sustainable forest management	7. Legal, policy and institutional framework	References	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards global forest goal 5 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030
17.	Existence of national or subnational forest assessment process	7. Legal, policy and institutional framework	References	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessment	Measures progress towards target 4.5 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030
18.	Existence of national or subnational stakeholder platform for participation in forest policy development	7. Legal, policy and institutional framework	References	1	FAO Global Forest Resources Assessments	Measures progress towards target 4.5 of the United Nations strategic plan for forests 2017–2030