

**A Comprehensive Action Plan of Cooperation with MICs
Mexico's proposal
Financing for Development**

Mexico supports CELAC's commitment to establish a Comprehensive Action Plan of Cooperation with Middle Income Countries within the United Nations System, making sure that proposed goals are clearly linked with the outcomes of the 2015 Addis Ababa Conference and the Post-2015 Development Agenda.

Comprehensive Methodologies: Support the use of comprehensive methodologies that measure development more accurately, such as the Multi-dimensional Poverty Measurement, the Structural Gaps approach, or the evaluation of the Human Development Index. These methodologies are complementary and go beyond simple income-based indicators that do not reflect the complexity of developing countries' individual realities, especially for MICs.

Tailored engagement strategies: Support the use of flexible, targeted and differentiated engagement strategies for effective development cooperation with MICs, based on their specific country challenges and capacities. These tailored engagement strategies will determine the nature of the innovative financing mechanisms, concessional loans, technical cooperation, grants and bilateral ODA provided to MICs. South-South and Triangular Cooperation, and multi-stakeholder partnerships

Enabling environment for MICs development:

Mexico's position on South-South Cooperation
Financing for Development (FfD)

South-South Cooperation (SSC) is a partnership among equals based on solidarity and should be seen as complementary to ODA, and, in this regard, we acknowledge the need to enhance the development effectiveness of SSC by continuing to increase its mutual accountability and transparency, as well as coordinating its initiatives with other development projects and programs on the ground, in accordance with national development plans and priorities, and further recognizes that the impact of SSC should be assessed with a view to improving, its quality in a results-oriented manner.

South-South and Triangular Cooperation (TrC) have important comparative advantages as tools to foster development. However, ~~642 Tm[]TET 620coge 9()-155(t0(e 9()-155(t0(e 9()-1iang)i7.02 .02 .0 n)-8)(ane()-8T)-15(r)(C))TET 1~~

CBDR: Acknowledge the specificities of SSC and recognize that Southern Providers participate in the international development architecture under the principle of shared but differentiated responsibilities, in accordance with each

Enhanced UN support structures:

Specific drafting proposals for the negotiations of the FFD process

In this regard, welcomes the efforts to improve the quality of development cooperation, including through the Global Partnership for Effective Development Cooperation. Recognizes the importance of such efforts to strengthen the standards, quality and inclusiveness of development partnerships, enhance country ownership, focus on results, and improve transparency and mutual accountability among development partners, at the request of developing countries and on a voluntary basis.

Emphasize the need to accelerate aid effectiveness commitments made by donors in Paris, Accra, and Busan.

Encourage development cooperation providers to improve the effectiveness of development cooperation, including, *inter alia*, through the use of developing

cooperation; participate in country-level mutual accountability mechanisms; and use and strengthen developing country systems.

III. Monitoring and accountability

Underscores the need to engage with the relevant development stakeholders, including *inter alia*, civil society business sector, in 1 5ltrs,elc-(4a)5(7a)1(b)-3ve-(on 5lt)8-[,)]T&TB