

Introduction

- 1. The Applicant is a former staff member of the United Nationsport
 Mission in Libya (UNSMIL) who was employed on a series of temporary
 contracts for over one and a half years. In his Application dated 2 January 2014,
 amended on 31 January 2014, he avers that he was entitled to accrue annual leave
 at the rate of twoand a half days pernonth rather than the rate of one and a
 half days per montallotted tostaff members on temporary contracts
- 2. The Respondent filed a Reply on 21 February 2014 in which it is asserted that the Applicant accrued one and a half dafysammual leave per month in accordance with staff rule 5(a) and that the Application is not receivable.
- 3. On 10 March 2014by Order No. 042 (NBI/2014), the parties were informed that the Tribunal Idadecided, in accordance with art. 16.1 of the Tribunal's Rules of Procedure, that an oral hearing swanot required in determining this case and that it wouldly on the parties' pleadings and written submissions. The Applicant was also directed to file his submissions in response to the issue of receivability Wednesday, 19 March 2014.
- 4. The Applicant filed his submissions on receivability on 19 March 2014.
- 5. On 27 March 2014, the Tribunal ordered the Respondent to file a copy of a settlement agreement entered into with the Applicant concerning his claim that he should have been appointed to a Fixed m Appointment (FTA) following the conduct of a selection exercise for all position. The Respondent filed a copy of the said agreement on 28 March 2014.

Facts

- 6. UNSMIL was established for an initial period of threenths pursuant to Security Council resolution 2009 of 16 September 2011.
- 7. The Secretar/General's budget report (A/66/354/Add.6) for UNSMIL was issued on 15 November 2011. In paragraph 17 of the report, the Secretary

General proposed staffing requirement biom included four positions in the Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR) Section to offer technical assistance to Libyan authorities on arms control, weapons management and disarmamentelated matters. It would be headed by-4 Dhief DDR Adviser.

- 8. On 14 February 2012, the Applicant was offered a threeth temporary appointment (TA) as Senior DDR Adviser at the Devel expiring on 18 May 2012. This temporary appointment was subsequently extended formtbreth periods on 19 May 2012 19 August 2012 and on 19 November 2012
- 9. On 15 December 2012, a position specific job opening for the D

~

Sector Officer and the failure to apply to him the same conditions of service as those offered to staff members on FTAs.

Applicant's submissions

- 15. The Applicant submitted that he was offered and accepted conversion to an FTA but this offer was then reneged upon.
- 16. The relevant Administrative Instruction, Staff Regulations and Rules distinguish and discriminate between staff members on FTAs and those on TAs in terms of annual leave. The discrimination in allowances means that the Applicant paid the same staff assessment as other @lleagues on FTAs but his net compensation was slightly less than that of a P

reasons and for the purposes of health, rest and recreation. Staff members on TAs get less time off than their colleagues on FTAs despite theirs stud jobs.

22. In view of the foregoing, the Applicant requests the Tribunal to award him full compensation for 18 days' salary, allowances and Organization's contributions amounting to USD 11,053 plus any applicable interest.

Respondent's submissions

- 23. The Respondent submitted that the Application is not receivable as the Applicant failed to allege a breach of the Staff Regulations, Staff Rules or his terms of appointment. There is no basis in law to question the validity of staff rule 5.1 (a) under art. 2.1a) of the Dispute Tribunal's Statute.
- 24. From 1 July 2009, the General Assembly introduced three types of appointments where it decided that staff serving on TAs should not receive the same entitlements as staff members on FTAs.
- 25. The Applicant received the eitherments to annual leave applicable to staff on TAs in accordance with the mandate of the General Assembly, the Staff Regulations, Staff Rules and ST/Al/2010/4/Rev.1. He signed a letter of appointment in which he accepted the terms and conditions of the leave applicable to staff on TAs in accordance with the mandate of the General Assembly, the Staff Regulations, Staff Rules and ST/Al/2010/4/Rev.1. He signed a letter of appointment in which he accepted the terms and conditions of the leave applicable to staff on TAs in accordance with the mandate of the General Assembly, the Staff Regulations, Staff Rules and ST/Al/2010/4/Rev.1.

- 28. The principles enunciated in astelli UNDT/2009/075 upheld in 2010 UNAT-037 are irrelevant to the Applicant's case as is his relian con on the control of the control of
- 29. The Applicant's reliance on the paiple of "equal pay for equal work" has no application to his case as he is comparing his contractual rights with staff members who are under different contracts of employment. Where a staff member is appointed to TA, he or she does not fall within the same class of staff members as those appointed on FTAs. Equal treatment in these cases demands that in both instances, the contractual provisions of the respective contracts are enforced.
- 30. The Noblemaire principle isot applicable to the Applicant's claim as it does not cover entitlements such as annual leave.
- 31. For these reasons, the Respondent requests that the Application be dismissed.

Considerations

Receivability

- 32. The competence of the Tribunal is determined by pthovisions of art. 2.1(a) of the Statute:
 - The Dispute Tribunal shall be competent to hear and pass judgment on an application filed by an individual, as provided for in article 3, paragraph 1, of the present statute, against the Sector as the Chief Administrative Officer of the United Nations:
 - (a) To appeal an administrative decision that is alleged to be in non-compliance with the terms of appointment or the contract of employment. The terms "contract " and "terms of appointment" include all pertinent regulations and rules and all relevant administrative issuances in force at the timether alleged non compliance;
- 33. To determine whether this Application is receivable, the Tribunal must examine the substance of the Applicant's claims to **thete** if they fall within the competence of the Tribunal.

34.

related to field operations and special projects with finite mandates;

Also decides that staff on temporary contracts would be eligible to receive only the following benefits and allowances: post adjustment; rental substitute hazard pay; hardship allowance; the daily subsistence allowance portion of the assignment grant; leave (depending on the length of contract); home leave (per classification of duty station); and limited shipment allowance;

38. ST/SGB/2009/7 (Provisionhastaff rules) established a new regime of appointments and contracts which included temporary appointments. Section 5.1(a) of this Bulletin established that a staff member who holds a temporary appointment shall accrue annual leave while in full pay statuthe rate of one and a half days per month. Section 5.1(b) established that a staff member holding a continuing or fixed

Case No. UNDT/NBI/2014/003 Judgment No. UNDT/204/095

Chapter III, on salaries and related allowances reflects the harmonization bconditions of service... and in particular the new

Case No. UNDT/NBI/2014/003 Judgment No. UNDT/204/095

allowances and increased leave that accrue from such an appointment. The Tribunal accepts that the extended use of the temporary appointments was the reason for the idparity in leave entitlements between the Applicant and staff