Statement by H.E. Ambassador Makarim Wibisono Head of Indonesian Delegation

General Debate of the Annual Ministerial Review
High Level Segment of the Economic and Social Council
Geneva, 4 July 2007

on

"Strengthening efforts to eradicate poverty and hunger, including through the global partnership for development"

Mr President

should spare no effort in making full use of the AMR as a powerful new tool to advance implementation of the internationally agreed development goals in the economic and social fields.

• Let me also align myself to the statement by the distinguished delegation of Pakistan on hehaltistich en boxait of the Grotto at 77 and China.

Mr. President,

- Once again our attention is brought to the inexa of squarty aradisation and manyer for many people around the wonth is an insue or me or death. I his is the standard on a apportunity to not only around attender political importunity to not only around a transfer political importunity.

reference for our deliberation today. We also noted that the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) Report 2007 launched a few days ago reflects the progress as well as challenges in the achievement of the MDGs.

- world, our destinies are unavoidably entwined and so in the course of development, growth can only flourish in a global partnership for development. Financing for development must flow: Exports of developing countries must gain access to markets in a rules based international trading system. At the achieving good governance, fighting corruption and carrying out development strategies.
- To make the efforts of reducing poverty work for development, holistic

public services and infrastructure. This consideration has to be in line with level of development priority.

Mr. President,

On everythinderesish semmitment to cabious the MDCs is reflected in the

Indicition and vivoless to

few years. Our macro-economic performance is showing record figures since the finalitial crisis of 1998. The economy grew at 5.6% in 2005 and at about the same rate in 2006; that figure represents the highest growth rate in 2 consecutive years since the crisis. This year we aim to reach 6.3% of GDP growth. We maintained fiscal sustainability last year, our budget deficit was 1.1%. This is well below the OECD standard of 3%. We also managed to pay all of our debt to the IMF four years ahead of our schedule.

• While these figures are heartening, we are still not satisfied because what we want to achieve is NOT just high growth, we are also striving after QUALITY growth. We are after the kind of economic growth that ripples outward and benefits all Indonesians, providing them with more jobs, reducing poverty in their midst, and delivering a better quality of life for the individual and the community. This is what we call "growth with equity", and this is where the

development budget for education and health, and for anti-poverty programmes. Indeed, this year, we are allocating over 50 trillion Rupiah almost 6 billion USD for Indonesia's Poverty Reduction Programme, including the National Programme for People's Empowerment—the PNPM Mandiri programme—which targets tens of thousands of villages across Indonesia.

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- Indonesia is also putting more emphasis on women's economic empowerment, especially micro-finance and micro-credit which is substantially supporting poor women's economic activities. To expand the role of women and deepen their participation in the economy, we have established a Forum on Increasing the Brodustivity of Women in the Economic empowerment of women in several provinces.
- In the 2004 2009 Mid-Term National Development Plan, the Government has formulated policies to enhance the quality of institutional and cooperative

small and medium enterprises for women. Furthermore, women are also

At every phase of development, women should be able to actively participate

elderly and persons with disabilities.

- In June of this year, President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono issued an instruction (no. 6 of 2007) concerning Policies to Accelerate Development of the Real Sector and Empower Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. The plan particularly in accelerating economic growth to alleviate unemployment and poverty.
- At the regional level, Indonesia has played a constructive role in facilitating achievement of the MDGs and poverty eradication. The Jakarta Declaration on Millennium Development Goals in Asia and the Pacific: The Way Forward 2015, agreed in 2005 emphasizes on regional and international cooperation.
 προυφη την μακατια Declaration, Indonesia has been working with other Asia and revenor acres of actions.

HVAR ITTE SILICIIL

	Yark.in Se	Assembly at the end of this month and the High Level Event to be held in N York in September 2007 are important building blocks to raise greater politic MOP-3 of the Kyoto Protocol to be held in Bali, Indonesia in December to year.						
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