

Calibrated Spline Graduation of Age-Group Fertility Rates

*UN Expert Group Meeting
Methods for the WPP 2021+
April 2020*

Carl Schmertmann
Florida State University
Tallahassee, Florida USA



Objective

For age-group fertility data { }
find a continuous fertility schedule

Principles

Construct () such that it can be estimated

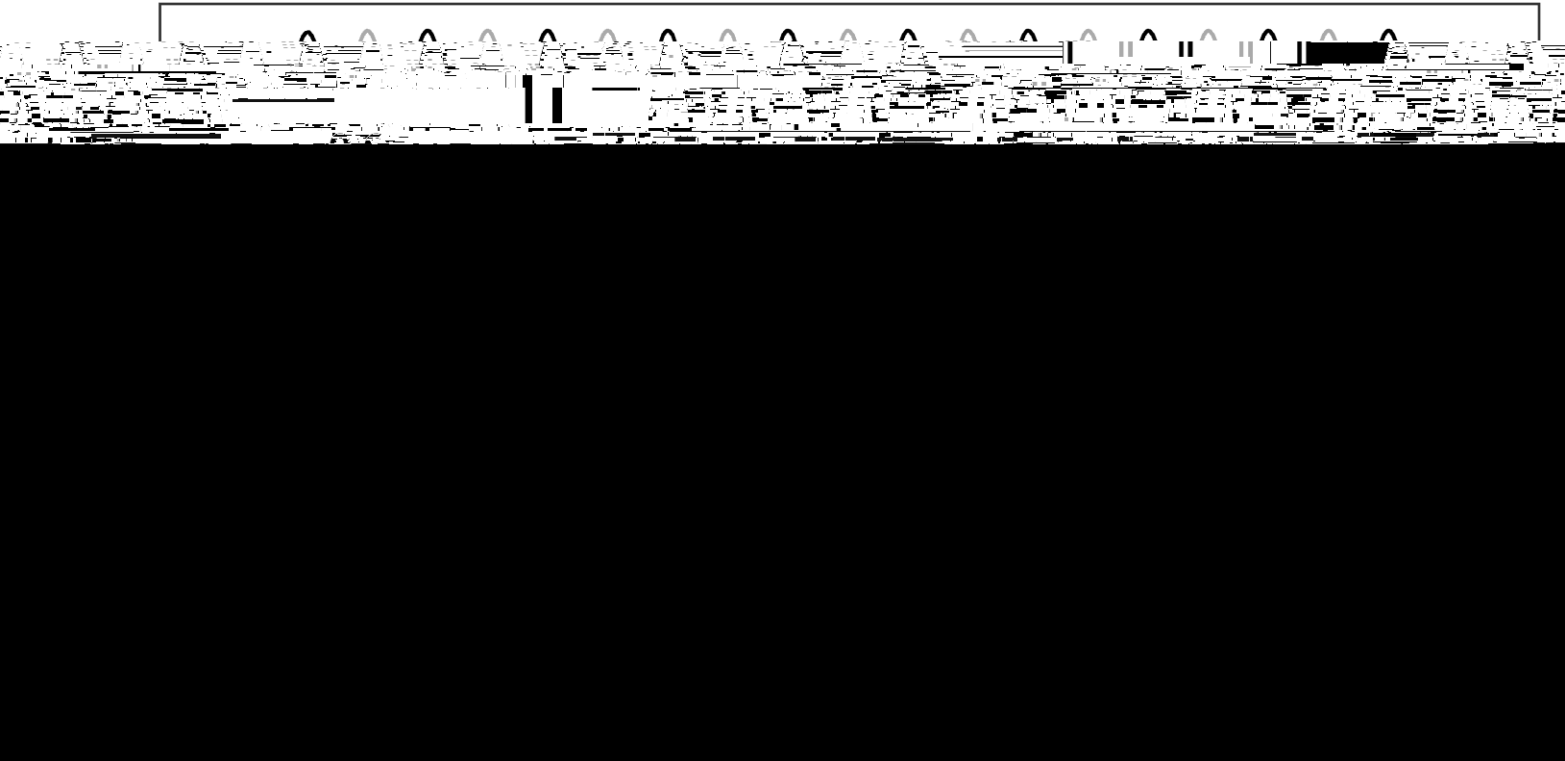
1. from any age grouping { }
2. for ages outside available { }
e.g. <15 or >50
3. using simple spreadsheet arithmetic

WPP 2019: Mozambique 2015-2020 std 5-year age groups



Main Ideas

(



Main Ideas

Observed rates for groups are averages of the detailed rates

{

Any particular β implies
 spline fitting errors

$$= \{ \quad \} -$$

7×1

7×1

$7 \times A$

$A \times 19$

19×1

Lower SSE β better

$$(\quad) =$$

Singular Value Decomposition

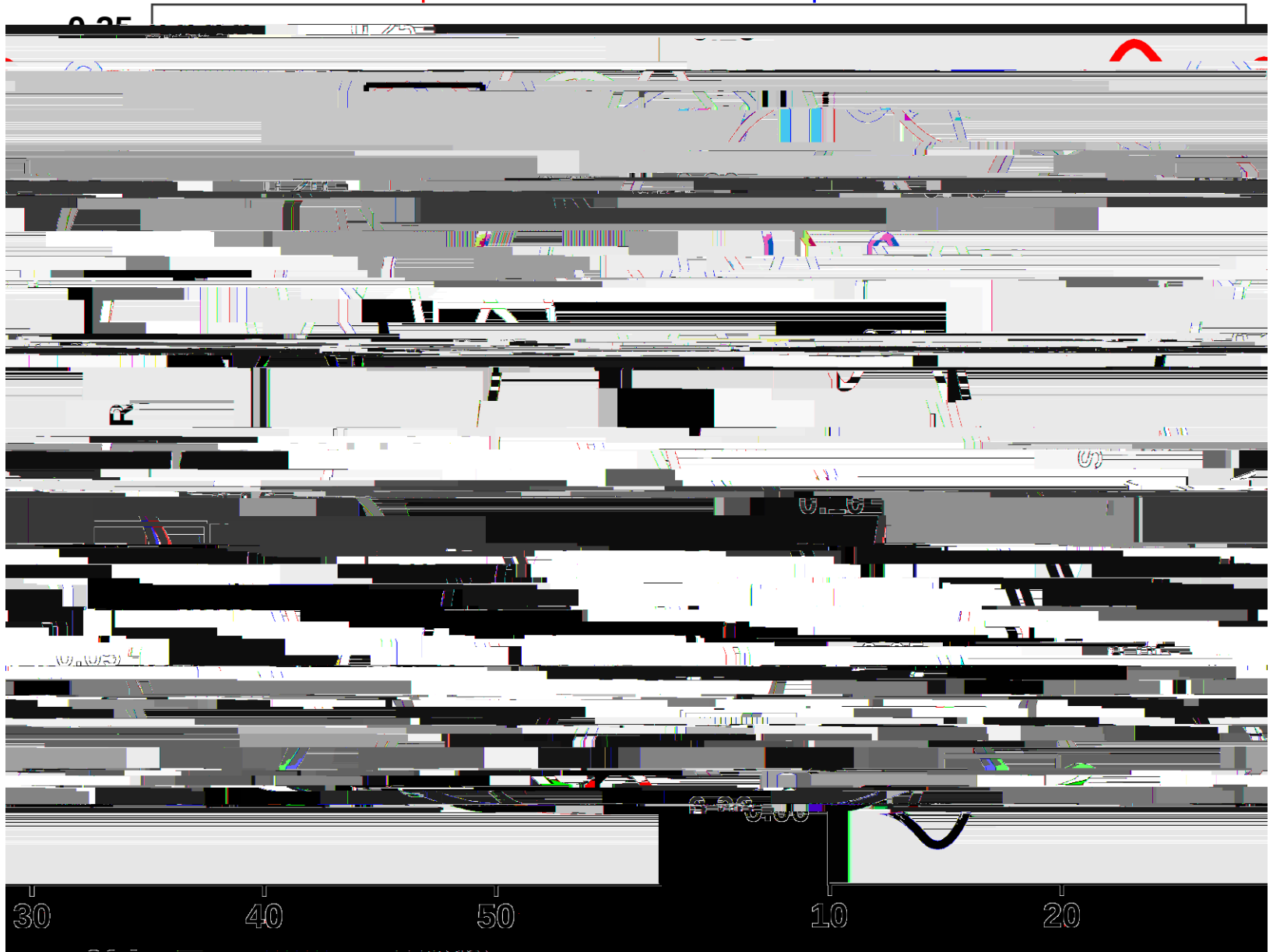
find principal components of single-year
age schedules over *CALIBRATION DATA*



AGE

$f(x)$

Same fit. $SSE_{\text{shape}}=91$, $SSE_{\text{shape}} = 1050$



Objective Function:

select x to minimize

$$J(x) = \underbrace{J_1(x)}_{\substack{\text{quadratic in } x, \\ \text{includes } \{F_x\}}} + \underbrace{J_2(x)}_{\text{quadratic in } x}$$

Unique, closed-form solution

$$x^* = C \{ \dots \}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{A} \times 1 \\ \text{A} \times 7 \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} \text{K} \{ \dots \} \\ \text{A} \times 7 \quad 7 \times 1 \end{matrix}$$

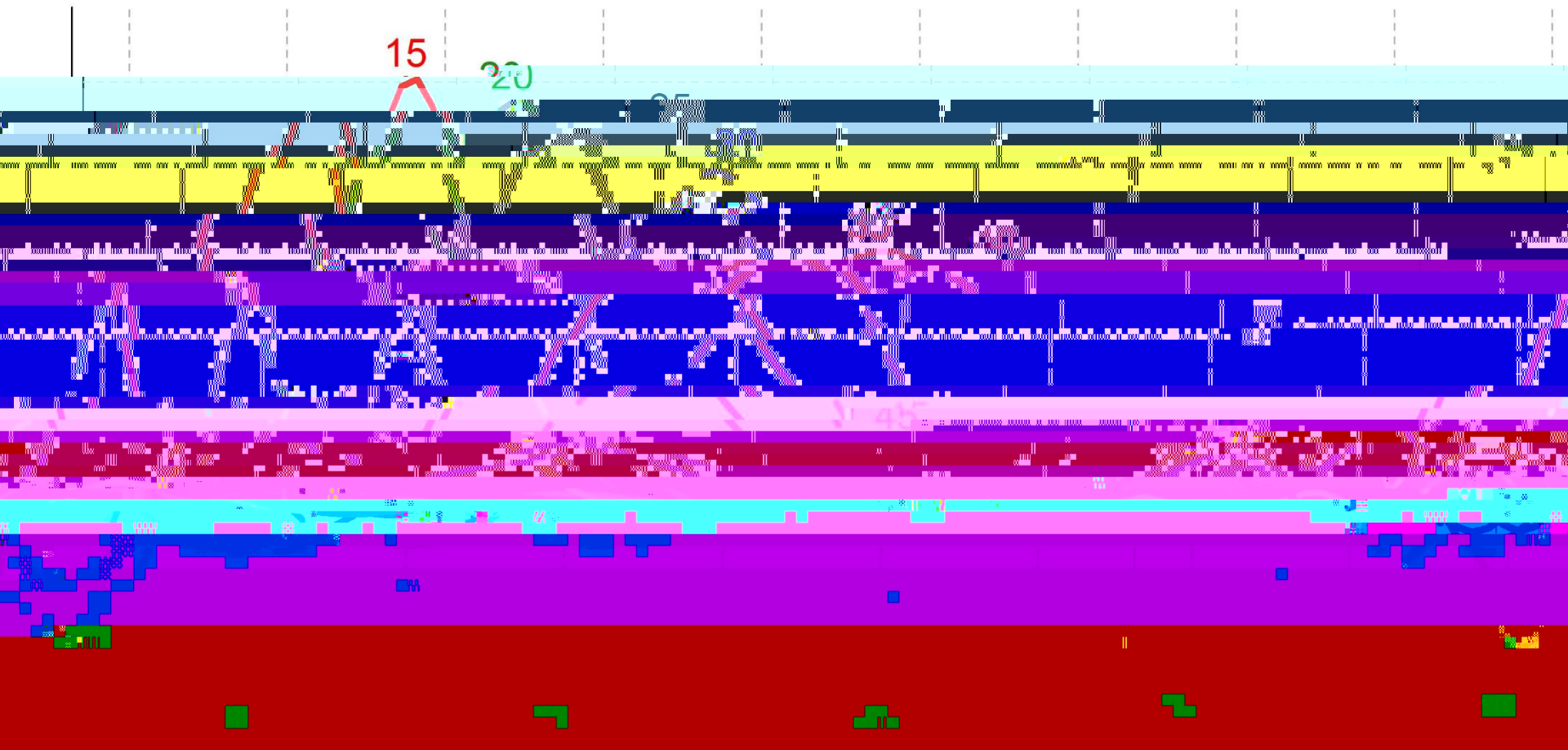
A simple final product

Fitted schedule is a wtd sum of K's columns

Weights = observed ${}_nF_x$ values

$$f = k_1 \cdot \quad \dots \quad + \quad k_7 \cdot$$

Columns of K matrix (Calibrated splines)



Examples (change windows, Carl!)

Issues/Problems

Graduated schedule does not *exactly* match age-group rates (unless)

Graduated rates occasionally have (very!) small negative values at highest and lowest ages

WPP Modeling Choices

Number of spline knots for B

Order of splines for B (quadratic, cubic, ...)

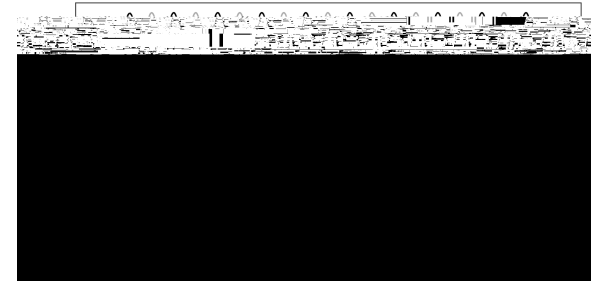
Age grid ($x_1 \dots x_A$) for discretizing $f(x)$

CALIBRATION DATA (HFD, HFC, smoothed WPP, ...)

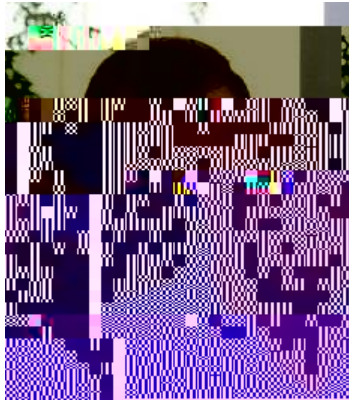
Number of principal shape components (3, 4, ...)

Relative weight on fitting errors (should vary with sample size, data quality)

Add a smoothing penalty? (e.g. squared 2nd diffs in rates)



THANKS!



Carl Schmertmann

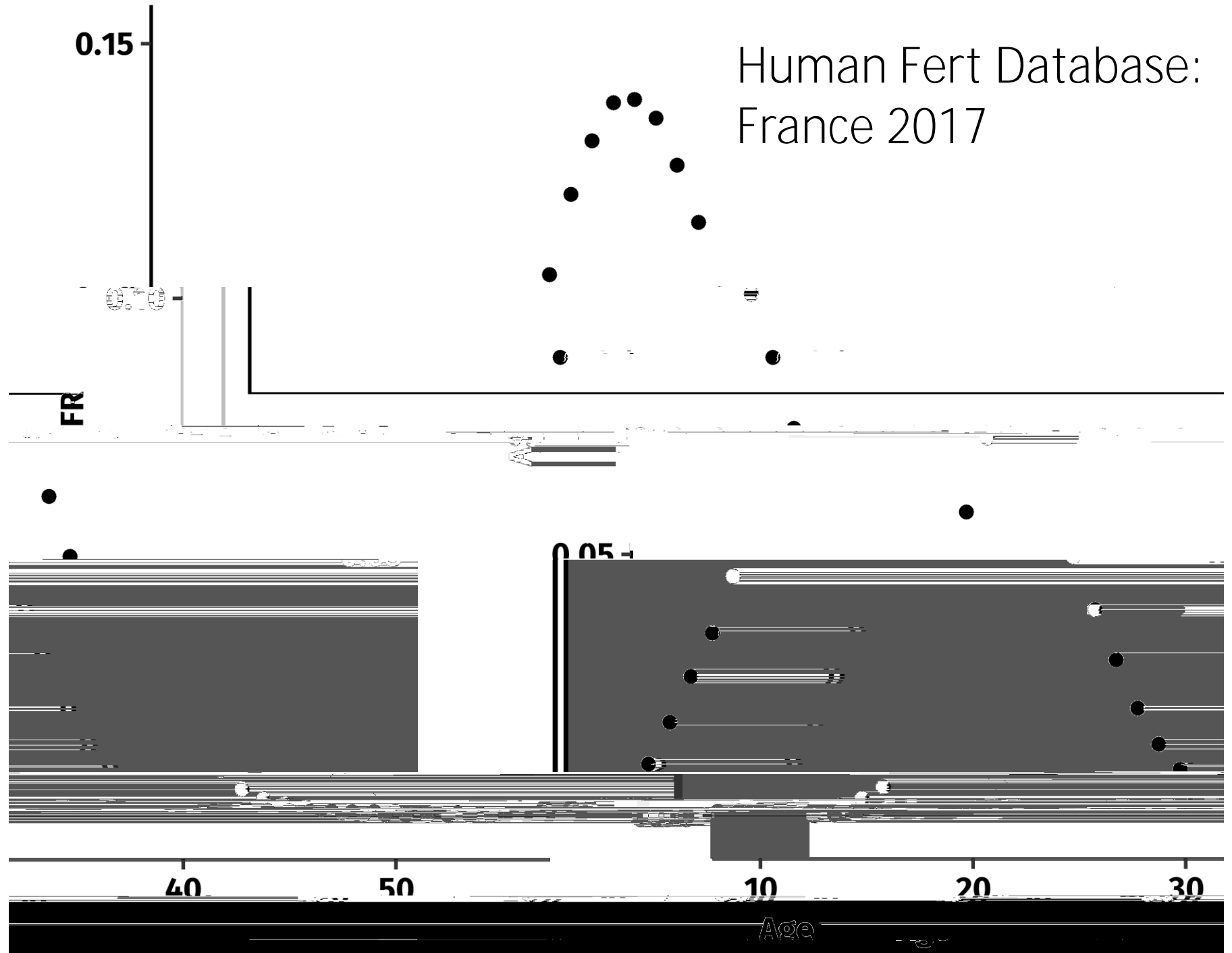


Article at tinyurl.com/fertility-splines

Data/code at tinyurl.com/fertility-splines-replication

Non-standard age groups
(same procedure, different G matrix)

Human Fert Database: France 2017



0.15

0.10

ASFR

Non-std age groups

15-17

18-19

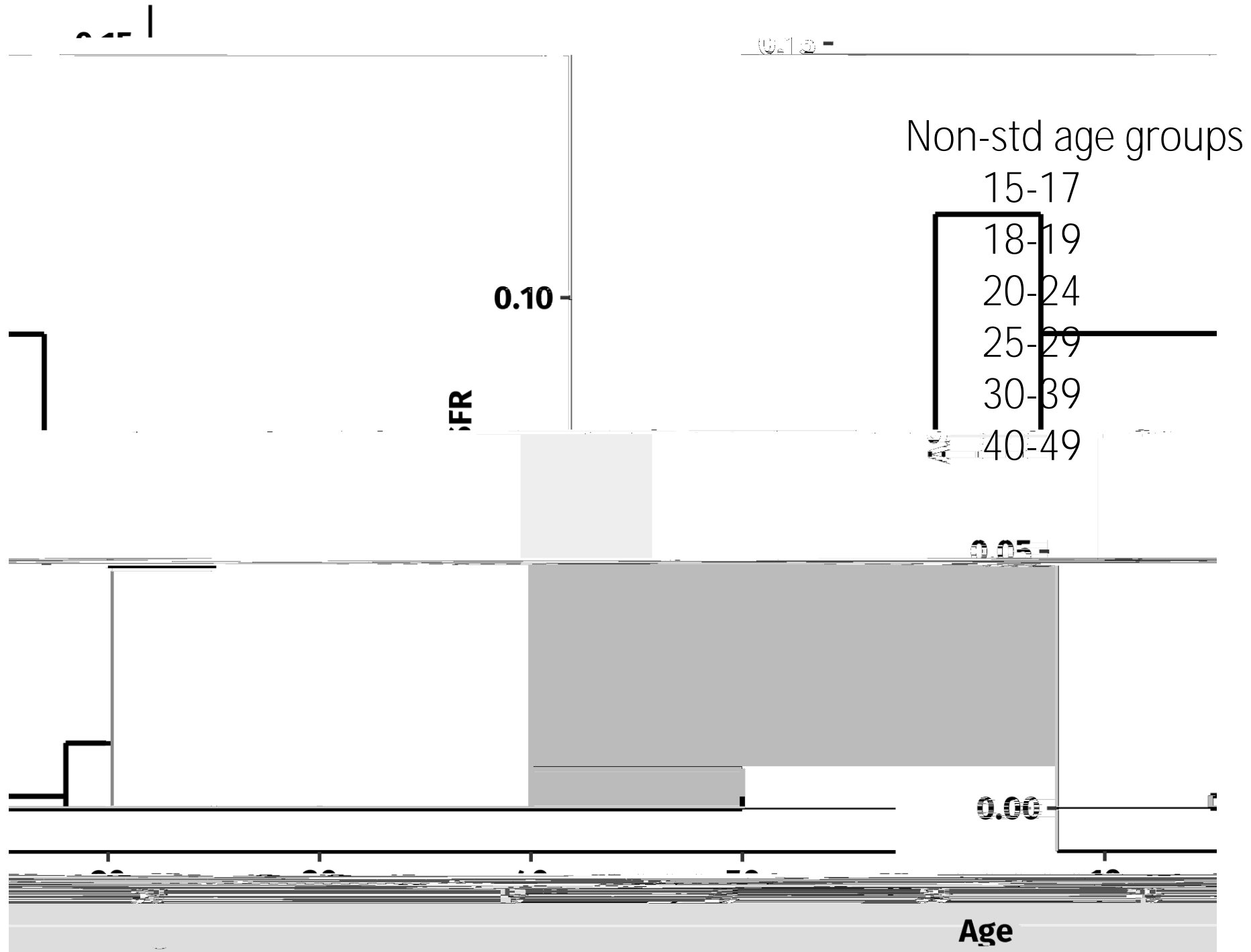
20-24

25-29

30-39

40-49





Non

0.10

SFR

