





## SDG 10.7.1: Reducing Recruitment Costs

Sixteenth Coordination Meeting on International Migration, Feb 15-16th 2018

### **Sustainable Development Goal 10.7**

 SDG 10.7: Facilitate safe, orderly and responsible migration through planned and well-managed migration policies

 SDG indicator 10.7.1: Recruitment cost borne by employees as a % of yearly income earned in the destination country

### Reduce recruitment costs



## What are worker's paid recruitment costs?

- Definition: Monetary costs involved in each step of securing regular employment by a migrant worker
- Components:
  - Recruitment service fees paid to recruitment agent/agency/broker
  - Document cost: Passport, visa, medical certificate, security clearance, language test
  - o Transportation cost
  - o Informal payments

## Survey waves and migration corridors KNOMAD/ILO

#### 2015

- Ethiopia-KSA
- India-Qatar
- Nepal-Qatar
- Philippines-Qatar
- Vietnam-Malaysia
- Pakistan
  - To Saudi Arabia, UAE

#### 2016

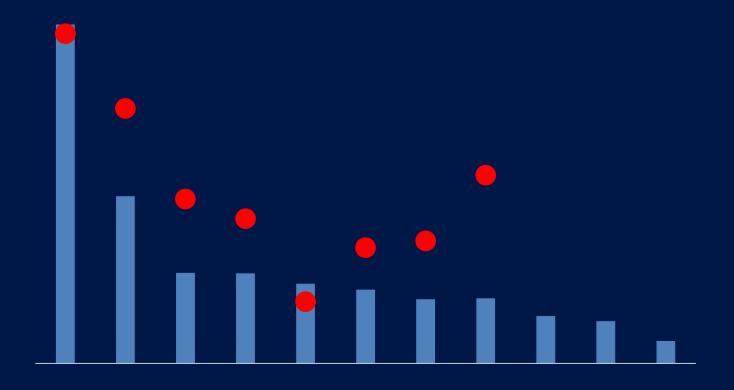
- India-Saudi Arabia
- Philippines-Saudi Arabia
- Nepal
  - To Saudi Arabia, Malaysia, Qatar

#### Non-contractual

- Italy
  - From Egypt, Senegal, West Africa CFA, West Africa
- Mexico
  - From El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras
- Russia
  - From Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan

# Recruitment costs can be exorbitant, highly regressive

## Recruitment costs in various corridors



Source: KNOMAD/ILO

# Measuring recruitment costs: SDG Indicator 10.7.1

### **Guidelines for NSOs**

- Ad-hoc surveys tailored specifically to migrant workers
  - General guidelines to be tailored to country contexts
  - Building on existing KNOMAD work: rich experience of previous KNOMAD-ILO costs surveys
- Findings should be comparable across countries
  - Balancing pros and cons of conducting surveys in both CoOs and CoDs.
- Within countries, findings should be representative of...
  - Corridors?
  - Sectors?

## Measuring recruitment costs

**Next steps**