## Kingdom of Cambodia Nation Religion King

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Fisheries Administration

## Experience and direction in the implementation of the agreement on Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, (UNFSA)

UNFSA Agreement: (i) Experience in sustainable fisheries management in the face of climate change, including: CamAdapt project (FAO support fund which evaluated and technical assistant) i fishery indicated some climate change affects the community fishery; Studied monitoring landing three-year study Marine Fisheries results coral reefs there were 2,882 hectares confirmed of coral reef and 13,890 hectares of seagrass beds along the coast Addressing the impacts of climate change on fisheries In Inland water: the delay in the onset of the flood seasons, longer, drier dry seasons, shorter, wetter raining seasons; In Marine water: greater storm frequency and intensity, and sea level rise Deployed 1,189 or concrete blocks in the (MFMA), Established four two fisheries refuge areas livelihoods with economic value S safeguarding for fishers the implementation of CamAdapt project Accounting for cumulative impacts Dry up aquaculture ponds, dry season broodstock refuge ponds, fisheries conservation areas (ex. Boeung Tonle Chmar (Ramsar Site), Inland fish habitats, deep pool along the Mekong River, low water quality; Reduce the activities the fisheries management

Application of an ecosystem approach and the precautionary approach in the face of climate change

ed the E system Approach to Fisheries Management **Community Fisheries** -Preah Sihanouk the SEAFDEC management areas between , d p website (Newsletter); ed the E system Approach to Fisheries Management Community Fisheries Boeung Tonle Chmar (Ramsar Site, adjusted to Tonle Sap Lake), management area d prepared the management plan (FAO support fund and technical assistant); fishing gear awareness the Issued the closing fishing of mackerel fish, blue swimming crab, and blood cockle specific periods of times/seasons ed critical reef, Restored , contributing to the Created alternative activities fishers the livelihood of local ies; and

ed governance through improving collaboration between stakeholders, both national and international, including government institutions, NGOs, and development partners,

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(iii) Actions needed to further strengthen sustainable fisheries management in the face change, including addressing particular challenges faced by developing countries through building under Part VI of the Agreement.	
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