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Translated from Arabic

Permanent Mission of Egypt to the United Nations

Note verbale

The Permanent Mission of Egypt to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs, United Nations Secretariat, and has the honour to refer to the declaration of maritime boundaries submitted on 24 September 2019 by the State of Palestine pursuant to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea. The declaration has been published on the website of the Division and includes lists of coordinates of baselines and outer limits of the maritime areas of the State of Palestine. The Permanent Mission of Egypt wishes to make the following points:

- I. The Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt rejects, and does not recognize, the points defining the outer limits of the maritime areas set out in the declaration made by the State of Palestine. That boundary overlaps with the eastern maritime boundary of the Arab Republic of Egypt in the Mediterranean, in the following respects:
- (a) Table 2 setting out the coordinates of the maritime bounda of the State of Palestine: points 1, 2 and 3.
- (d) Table 5 setting out the coordinates of the southern limits of the maritime areas of the State of Palestine: points 2, 4 and 5.

II. The Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt objects to the aforementioned points and refuses to recognize them as the eastern maritime boundary of Egypt, as they are fully located within the maritime areas of the Arab Republic of Egypt. The declarati

ts continental shelf in the Mediterranean.

- III. The Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt wishes to state that the aforementioned maritime boundaries are inconsistent with the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea and contradict the principles of international law and the practice of the international community. It emphasizes that any effects or outcomes resulting from the establishment of those points would be unacceptable.
- IV. When it ratified the Convention, on 11 July 1983, the Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt made a declaration to the United Nations, in accordance with article 310 of the Convention, concerning the exercise of its rights over its exclusive economic zone. It therefore does not recognize any assertion of sovereign rights for the purposes of exploring marine resources, whether living or