Statement by H.E. Ambassador Koro Bessho Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations At the Panel Discussion on the Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy: Advancing Women's Participation and Leadership 12 March 2018

Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,

It is my great honor to speak at this important event on integrating a gender perspective in countering terrorism. Today I am pleased to introduce Japan's efforts and give you an example of how Member States might contribute to women's empowerment in preventing violent extremism and countering terrorism.

One example of Japan's efforts is the assistance to Cameroon through a UN Women project. This project succeeded in identifying and providing tailored support, including medical, psychosocial, legal and judicial support, to Boko Haram survivors. National actors' capacity to protect gender-based violence survivors was enhanced through the training of high-level police officers and instructors. To increase public awareness and social mobilization, local leaders were sensitized, and many people were reached through individual and

mass awareness, door to door strategy, educational talks and group discussion on gender based violence.

This project also contributed to the economic empowerment of women. They received training on small business management skills, including basic finance, and also received economic kits that would enable them to start small businesses such as the selling of cereals and other basic food stuff.

Let me recount the successful story of thirty-six-year-old Saruta Andrawas, who was protected and empowered through this project. She is a former hostage of Boko Haram, widow and mother to four children. One day, Boko Haram came to their village. They caught her husband and killed him in front of her and their children. They later kidnapped Andrawas and her children and took them to the mountains in a cave where they were kept for three months. Andrawas and her children were given food only once a day. Every day Boko Haram threatened to kill them. One night, Andrawas realized that the terrorists were not standing

guard with guns. She and her children escaped to the refugee camp in the Far North region of Cameroon, where they found refuge at the Women Cohesion Space, which was set up and managed by UN Women. Japan is happy to have provided the necessary financing for the Women Cohesion Space, and we appreciate further contribution from the Swedish Civil Contingencies Agency. This and other Spaces are now being jointly managed by UN Women and the Ministry of Women Empowerment and Family of Cameroon, and are planned to be handed over to the ministry