DIRECTORATE GENERAL HUMAN RIGHTS AND RULE OF LAW (DGI)



24 May 2024

Contribution of the Council of Europe to the report of the Secretageneral of the United Nationson oceans and the law of the sea

The Council of Europe's Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern Convention) is an international legal reference instrument in the field of nature conservation which enables cooperation and coordination across borders, and contributes to building bridges between science and citizens, and uniting governments and society at maggeoimmon endeavour: strengthening the conservation of wild flora and fauna and natural habitats in Europe, including oceans and seas.

An important achievement in 2022was the adoption ostrategic Plaffor the Bern Conventiofor the period to 2030 which complements the ision for the Bern Convention to 2030 opted in 2021 is led by the slogan "Healthy nature for healthy people" stating that, by 2030, declines in biodiversity would be halted leading to recovery of wildlife and habitats, improving the lives of people and contributing to the health of the planet. The visis first goal relates to marine areas: "The area, connectivity, integrity and resilience of natural and sensitural ecosystems is increased, including through protected areas and other effective arbased conservation measures covering at least 30% of the land and of the sea areas."

Further, the Bern Convention's cassle system is a unique monitoring tool which allows NGOs or private citizens to submit complaints for possible breaches of the Bern Convention by countries that have ratified the Convention. A number of these cases relate to marine species and coastal water management, notably cases concerning marine turtles.

The Standing Committee of the Bern Convention conducts a number of activities directly related to seas and oceans. Since 2007, a group of experts has examined all types of issues relating to biodiversity and climate change, including in marine environments 2009, the Standing Committee of the Bern Convention also set up a Group of Experts on Island Biodiversity in Europe, which has drawn up a Charter on the Conservation and Sustainable Use of Biological Diversity in European? Shaends. conservation scheme for migrating sea turtles in the Mediterrarie amother topic addressed by the Standing Committee of the Bern Convention

sturgeon populations as well as their litigate habitat in their historic range to an extent that ensures species survival and representation of the subpopulations where possible.

Several European diplomas have also been awarded to marine areas of exceptional European importance for the preservation of biological, geological and landscape diversity and which are managed in an exemplary waynd to wetlands in direct contact with the settle Bern Convention is also implementing the Emerald Network which is an ecological network made up of Areas of Special Conservation Interest and which aims to ensure the Items conservation of species and habitats of European importance requiring specific protection measures and protected by the Bern Convention.