

REFERENCE: CLCS.01.2001.LOS/JPN

14 March 2002

**United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea
concluded at Montego Bay, Jamaica
on 10 December 1982**

Japan: Notification regarding the submission made by the Russian Federation to the
Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf

SC/02/084

PERMANENT MISSION OF JAPAN
TO THE UNITED NATIONS
NEW YORK

The Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and, with reference to the latter's communication no. CLCS.01.2001.LOS (Continental Shelf Notification) dated 20 December 2001, concerning

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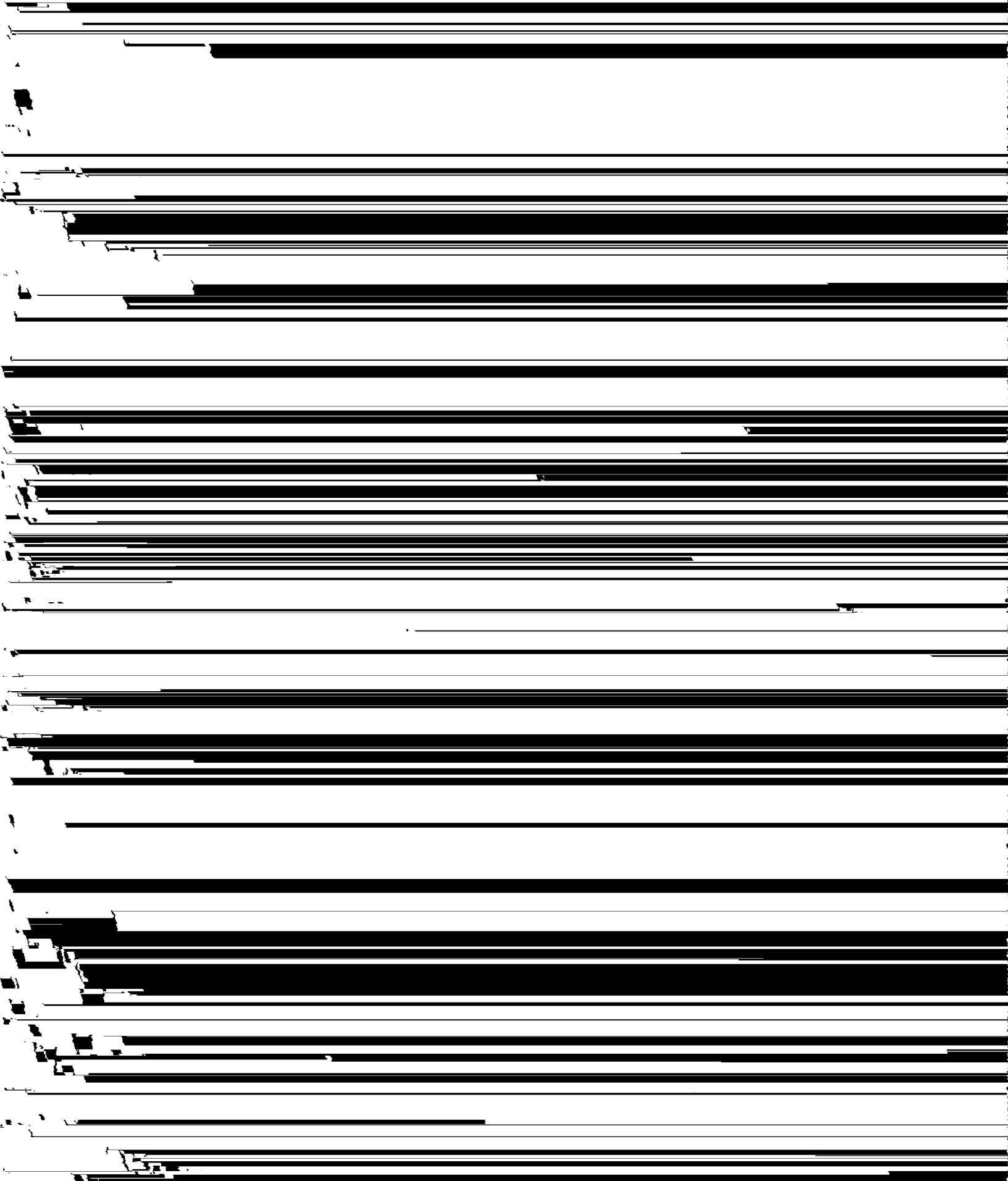
February 2002

has not yet been delimited. Japan and the Russian Federation have continued vigorous negotiations, in a friendly atmosphere, based on the common understanding that both countries will conclude a peace treaty after the resolution of the issue of the attribution of the Four Islands (also attached is a copy of the "Irkutsk Statement by the Prime Minister of Japan

and the President of the Russian Federation on the Continuation of Future Negotiations on the issue of a Peace Treaty" signed on 25 March 2001). Under these circumstances, it is extremely regrettable that the Russian Federation submitted to the Commission for circulation the maps which ignore the negotiations between the two countries.

Russian Federation, in light of the Rules of Procedure of the Commission and its Annex I, as well as the Scientific and Technical Guidelines of the Commission;

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NOTES

1. The straight baselines and the limits of the territorial sea shown on this chart are based on the provisions of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone and the Enforcement Order No.206 of 1996 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone. The provisions pertaining to the straight baselines of the Enforcement Order will enter into force on 1 January 1977.
2. Of all the base points of the straight baselines given in Attached Table 1 of the Enforcement Order No.206 of 1996 of the Law No. 30 of 1977 on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone, only major points are shown on this chart due to its small scale.

1. The line joining points sequently from (a) to (f) described below:

(a) The point at 44° 37' 47" North Latitude and 146° 57'

(c) The point at 45° 6' 25" North Latitude and 147° 30' 2" East Longitude (the westernmost point of Notoro Sima)

(d) The point at 45° 25' 46" North Latitude and 147° 54' 26" East Longitude

(e) The point at 45° 26' 12" North Latitude and 147° 55' 50" East Longitude (the northernmost point of

(j) The point at 43° 48' 15" North Latitude and 146° 35'

Saki)

(k) The point at 43° 48' 20" North Latitude and 146° 35' 30" East Longitude (the northernmost point of Ō Saki)

(l) The point at 43° 48' 55" North Latitude and 146° 36' 38" East Longitude

(m) The point at 43° 49' 6" North Latitude and 146° 37' 2" East Longitude

(n) The point at 43° 52' 25" North Latitude and 146° 46' 46" East Longitude (the northwesternmost point of

(o) The point at 43° 53' 16" North Latitude and 146° 49' 41" East Longitude (the northernmost point of Hiserobu)

Irkutsk Statement by the Prime Minister of Japan and the President of the Russian Federation on the Continuation of Future Negotiations on the Issue of a Peace Treaty

On 11 September 2001, Prime Minister Koizumi of Japan and President Vladimir Vladimirovich Putin of the Russian Federation held talks

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